Table 1 shows that in 1926 the estimated agricultural revenue of Canada was \$1,668,175,000, as compared with \$1,690,966,000 in 1925, \$1,443,221,000 in 1924. \$1,350,322,000 in 1923 and \$1,389,394,000 in 1922. The total for 1926, viz., \$1,668,175,000, shows a decrease as compared with 1925 of \$22,791,000 or 1.35 p.c., mainly attributable to a decline of \$31,948,000 in field crops. The revenue from poultry and eggs shows an increase of \$9,192,000.

Comparing the provinces for 1926, Ontario leads with a total value of \$482,-481,000, and the provinces next in order are:—Saskatchewan, \$364,840,000; Quebec, \$271,001,000; Alberta, \$254,739,000; Manitoba, \$147,050,000; British Columbia, \$44,502,000; Nova Scotia, \$41,251,000; New Brunswick, \$36,786,000; and Prince Edward Island, \$25,525,000.

Wealth.—Table 2 shows approximately, by provinces, the gross agricultural wealth of the Dominion in 1926, with totals for 1923-25.

WICH ADEAIS IN 1923-1923. ( DOD OFFICECT.)								
Provinces.	Lands.	Buildings.	Imple- ments and machin- ery.	Live stock.	Poultry.	Animals on fur farms.	Agri- cultural pro- duction.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
P. E. Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	28,476 49,155 61,112 546,666 808,124 315,245 877,042 523,221 107,020	51,173 45,158 285,530 491,330 113,005	10,146 13,545 111,940 169,954 67,848 176,676		973	565 979 1,225 1,808 652	41,251 86,786 271,001	172,443 175,398 1,356,441 2,209,935 705,554 1,777,877 1,102,938
Total, 1926 Total, 1925 Total, 1924 Total, 1923	3,316,061 3,316,061 3,316,061 3,316,061	1,382,684 1,382,684 1,382,684 1,382,684	665,172 666,172 665,172 665,172	724,655 764,287 641,144 613,260	50,971 47,171 42,434 39,840	10,000 9,898 8,385 6,326	1,668,175 1,690,966 1,443,221 1,350,322	7,817,718 7,816,239 7,489,105 7,373,665

2.—Estimated Gross Agricultural Wealth of Canada, by Provinces, 1926, with Totals for 1923-1925. ("000" omitted.)

The values of buildings, lands, implements and machinery for the census year 1921 are considerably more than the values previously used in these calculations, which were based upon the census of 1911. The increase for the three items during the decade amounted to \$1,115,986,000. There has, however, undoubtedly been a fall in the value of land during the last five years, consequent upon the fall in the prices of agricultural products and live stock, and there may also have been some change in the values of buildings, machinery and implements, but to what extent it is impossible to state. The estimates collected from crop correspondents of the value per acre of land, including buildings, show a drop in the value of land per acre from \$40 in 1921 to \$37 in 1926, resulting from decreases in most of the provinces. The rates of change thus shown have been applied to the census data, with the result that the census figure of \$3,702,370,000, the value of land in 1921, becomes \$3,316,061,000 as the estimated value in 1923, 1924, 1925 and 1926.

Altogether, the gross agricultural wealth of Canada for 1926 may be estimated at \$7,817,718,000, as compared with \$7,816,239,000 in 1925. The small increase of \$1,479,000 is made up of a decrease of \$22,791,000 in agricultural production, with increases in live stock, poultry and animals on fur farms, amounting to \$20,368,000, \$3,800,000 and \$100,000 respectively.